

## The Magna Carta Crisis timeline

Coronation of King John Papal Interdict placed on England 8 November /201 King John excommunicated by the pope



King John accepted Stephen Langton as Archbishop of Canterbury King John absolved from excommunication Rebel barons meet at St Albans Abbey and at St Paul's Cathedral



King John sets sail tor France with an army Pope accepts over lordship of England and Ireland Pope lifts the Interdict

John's army is defeated heavily in the Battle of Bouvines John returns to England and demands taxes from his subjects Rebel barons meet in the Abbey at Bury St Edmunds



Rebel barons ask John to confirm Henry's Charter. No answer given John rejects barons' demands. Civil war declared

Rebel barons capture much of London

John accepts the barons' demands at Runnymede and seals Magna Carta First seven copies of Magna Carta are delivered for distribution

Pope annuls Magna Carta. Civil war again Rebel barons invite Prince Louis of France to depose John

Louis invades England

John dies at Newark and is buried in Worcester Cathedral William Marshal issued revised version of Magna Carta

/2/7

Second revision of Magna Carta issued by William Marshal



Third revision of Magna Carta issued under Great Seal of Henry III

Edward I confirmed the 1225 version of Magna Carta: this confirmation was later placed on the first statute



Magna Carta is owned and loaned by Lincoln Cathedral.

**Bury St Edmunds Magna Carta 800 Partnership** 



St Edmundsbury Cathedrál







